



Photos courtesy of Hiroyuki Shima

Unless stated otherwise,
all data is as of January 2021

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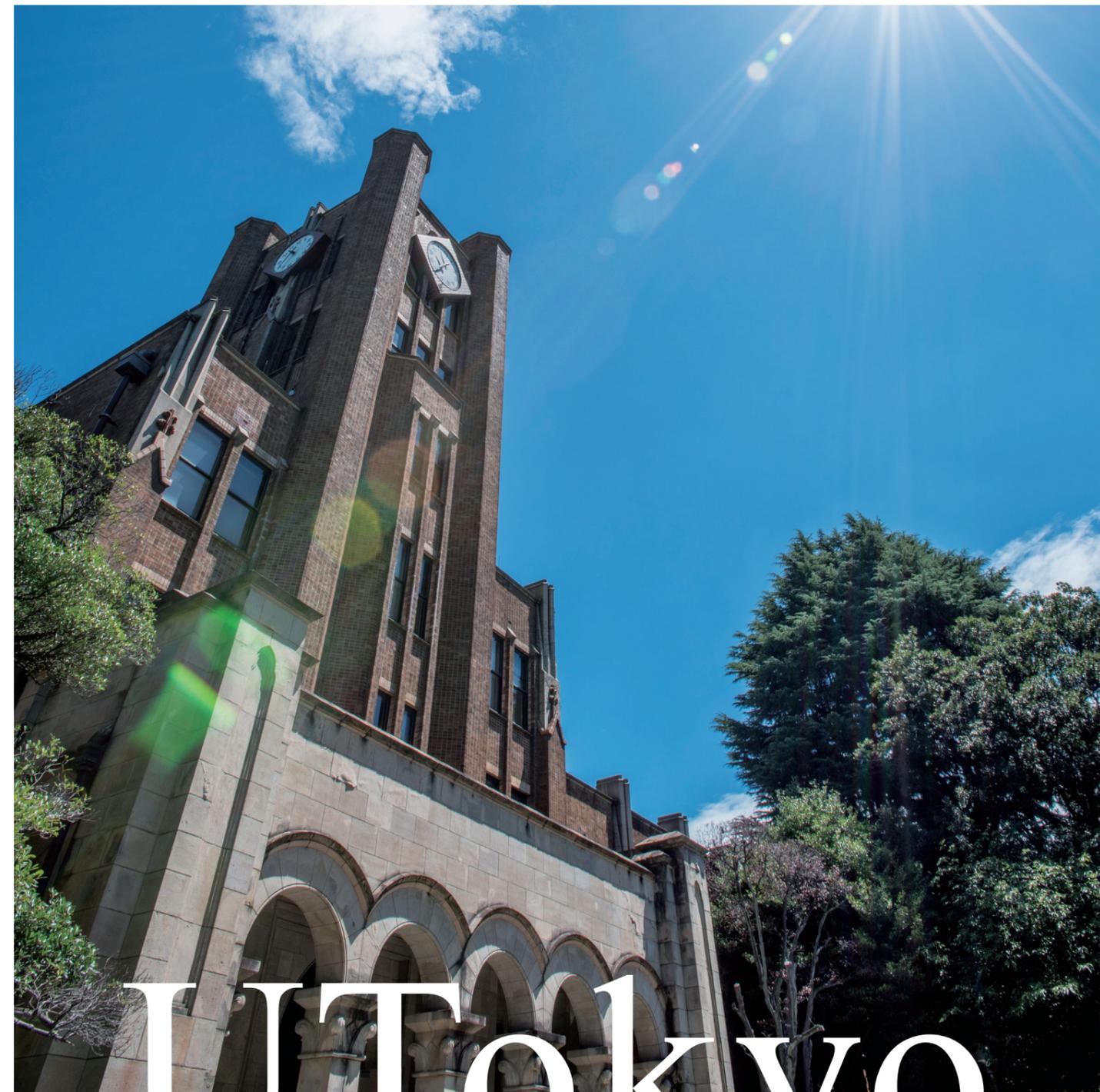
The University of Tokyo

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<https://www.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>



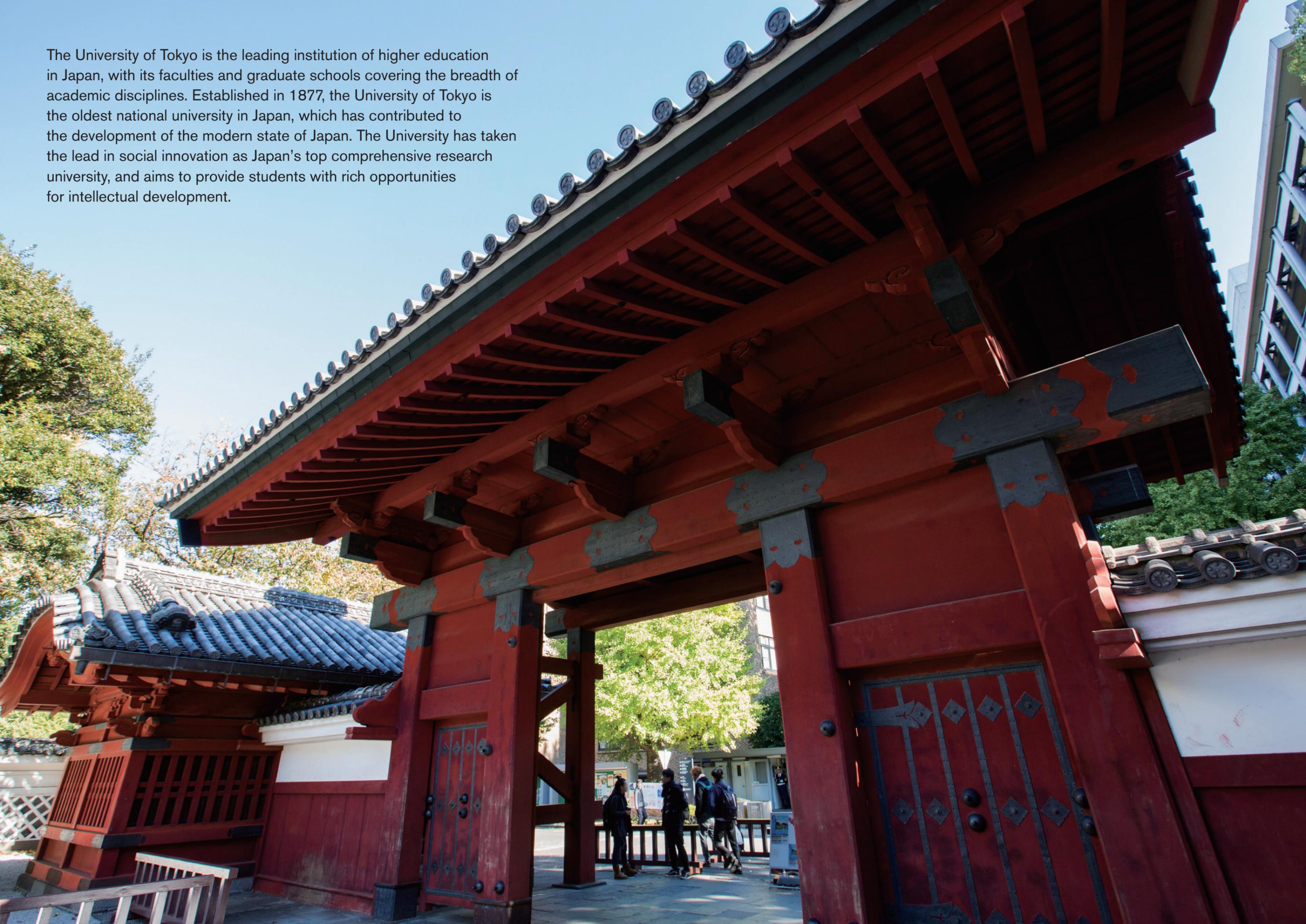
U Tokyo

THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO

東京大学

2020-2021

The University of Tokyo is the leading institution of higher education in Japan, with its faculties and graduate schools covering the breadth of academic disciplines. Established in 1877, the University of Tokyo is the oldest national university in Japan, which has contributed to the development of the modern state of Japan. The University has taken the lead in social innovation as Japan's top comprehensive research university, and aims to provide students with rich opportunities for intellectual development.





Organization

Undergraduate Education

President

- Board of Directors
 - Administrative Council
 - Education and Research Council
 - Office of the President
 - Administration Bureau
 - University Library
 - The University of Tokyo Archives
 - Faculties/College
 - Graduate Schools
 - Institutes
 - University-wide Centers
 - Interdisciplinary Research Institutes
 - The University of Tokyo Institutes for Advanced Study (UTIAS)
 - University Joint Education and Research Institutes
 - National Joint-Use Institutes
 - Integrated Research Systems
- Academic Promotion Office
 - Committee for Presidential Initiatives
 - UTokyo Global Advisory Board
 - IR Data Office
 - UTokyo Future Society Initiative
 - Institute for Open Innovation
 - Office of University Professor
 - Office of Senior Professor
 - 150-year History Compilation Office
 - Office for Management Planning

Faculties/College

- Faculty of Law <http://www.j.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Faculty of Medicine <http://www.m.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Faculty of Engineering <http://www.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/foee/index.html>
- Faculty of Letters <http://www.l.u-tokyo.ac.jp/eng/index.html>
- Faculty of Science <https://www.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Faculty of Agriculture <https://www.a.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Faculty of Economics <http://www.e.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index-e.html>
- College of Arts and Sciences https://www.c.u-tokyo.ac.jp/eng_site/
- Faculty of Education <http://www.p.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences <http://www.f.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>

The University of Tokyo has a total of 9 Faculties and 1 College for undergraduate education. A key feature of the undergraduate education at the University of Tokyo is that the first two years (referred to as the Junior Division) are devoted to the acquisition of fundamental skills necessary for further study. In the final two years of undergraduate education (referred to as the Senior Division), students pursue their fields of specialization.



Graduate Schools

Graduate Schools

- Graduate School of Humanities and Sociology <http://www.l.u-tokyo.ac.jp/eng/index.html>
- Graduate School of Education <http://www.p.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Graduate Schools for Law and Politics <http://www.j.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Graduate School of Economics <http://www.e.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index-e.html>
- Graduate School of Arts and Sciences https://www.c.u-tokyo.ac.jp/eng_site/
- Graduate School of Science <https://www.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Graduate School of Engineering <http://www.t.u-tokyo.ac.jp/soee/index.html>
- Graduate School of Agricultural and Life Sciences <https://www.a.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Graduate School of Medicine <http://www.m.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/>
- Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences <http://www.f.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Graduate School of Mathematical Sciences <https://www.ms.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index.html>
- Graduate School of Frontier Sciences <https://www.k.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index.html.en>
- Graduate School of Interdisciplinary Information Studies <http://www.iii.u-tokyo.ac.jp>
- Graduate School of Information Science and Technology https://www.i.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index_e.shtml
- Graduate School of Public Policy <http://www.pp.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>

The University of Tokyo has 15 Graduate Schools that offer distinctive education and research opportunities. The University takes advantage of its feature as a multi-faceted university possessing graduate schools specialized in diverse fields, to provide a broad-ranging, highly specialized education system for fostering scholars and professionals with high-level of expertise.

Affiliated Institutes

Affiliated Institutes

- Institute of Medical Science <https://www.ims.u-tokyo.ac.jp/imsut/en/index.html>
- Earthquake Research Institute <http://www.eri.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Institute for Advanced Studies on Asia <https://www.ioc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/eng/index.html>
- Institute of Social Science <https://www.iss.u-tokyo.ac.jp/>
- Institute of Industrial Science <http://www.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Historiographical Institute <http://www.hi.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index.html>
- Institute for Quantitative Biosciences <http://www.iam.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Institute for Cosmic Ray Research <http://www.icrr.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Institute for Solid State Physics http://www.issp.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index_en.html
- Atmosphere and Ocean Research Institute <https://www.aori.u-tokyo.ac.jp/english/index.html>
- Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology <https://www.rcast.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/index.html>

The University of Tokyo features a number of affiliated institutes that facilitate and engage in a wide range of research. These institutes act as the principal bases for research in their respective fields and aim to utilize the results they produce to give back to society in a variety of ways. At the same time, the institutes also fulfill their roles as graduate-level educational institutions within the University of Tokyo and are committed to educating and training people of exceptional talent.

- The University of Tokyo Institutes for Advanced Study (UTIAS) <http://www.utias.u-tokyo.ac.jp>
- Kavli Institute for the Physics and Mathematics of the Universe <https://www.ipmu.jp/en>
- International Research Center for Neurointelligence <https://ircn.jp/en/>
- Tokyo College <https://www.tc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/index.html>

The University of Tokyo Institutes for Advanced Study (UTIAS) was established on January 1, 2011, as a university-wide organization to enhance the University's academic excellence and further internationalize its general research environment. UTIAS actively promotes UTokyo's world-class research and strives for its application to the benefit of society.



Other Facilities

University-wide Centers

- Biotechnology Research Center <http://park.itc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/biotec-res-ctr/en/index.html>
- Asian Natural Environmental Science Center <https://www.anesc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en>

University Joint Education and Research Institutes

- Center for Research and Development of Higher Education... <https://www.he.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en>
- Center for Research on Counseling and Support Services ... <https://dcs.adm.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Isotope Science Center <https://www.ric.u-tokyo.ac.jp> (Japanese)
- Center for Research and Development on Transition <https://www.ct.u-tokyo.ac.jp/> (Japanese)
from Secondary to Higher Education

Interdisciplinary Research Institutes

- Institute for Future Initiatives (IFI) <https://ifi.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- Cryogenic Research Center http://www.crc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index_e.html
- University Museum http://www.um.u-tokyo.ac.jp/index_en.html
- Environmental Science Center <https://www.esc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en>

National Joint-Use Institutes

- Information Technology Center <https://www.itc.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>
- International Center for Elementary Particle Physics <http://www.icepp.s.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/index.html>
- Center for Spatial Information Science <http://www.csis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/en/>

Education & Research

The University of Tokyo's greatest strength lies in its educational and research excellence. The new discoveries made on its campuses today become excellent research that benefits society tomorrow. The University is a place where outstanding students and researchers cultivate each other's skills while working together.

Nobel Prize Winners



The number of UTokyo professors and alumni receiving Nobel Prizes also underscores the University's commitment to excellence. Professor Takaaki Kajita, who was awarded the 2015 Nobel Prize in Physics, researched under Special University Professor Emeritus Masatoshi Koshihara, one of the Nobel Prize in Physics recipients in 2002. In 2016, Honorary Professor Yoshinori Ohsumi won the Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. The significant research breakthroughs that contributed to Professor Ohsumi receiving this recognition were made during his time as an associate professor at the University of Tokyo.

(as of October 1, 2020)

Cited Papers



One indicator of a researcher's achievements is how frequently their academic papers are cited by others. Papers by researchers at the University of Tokyo are highly cited.

*Number of times that UTokyo papers published from 2015-2019 were cited by papers indexed in Web of Science during the same five-year period (Source: data from the Essential Science Indicators database, accessed on September 30, 2020)

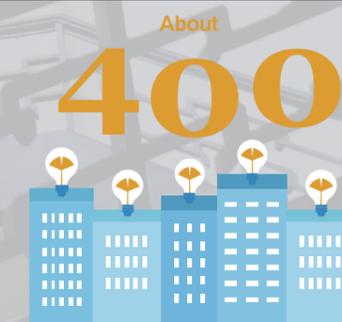
Books and Other Materials



(as of May 1, 2020)

In addition to the General Library on the Hongo Campus, many University organizations maintain collections of books in their own libraries. Materials kept include not only Japanese books, but also journals and numerous books written in languages other than Japanese.

Start-up Companies



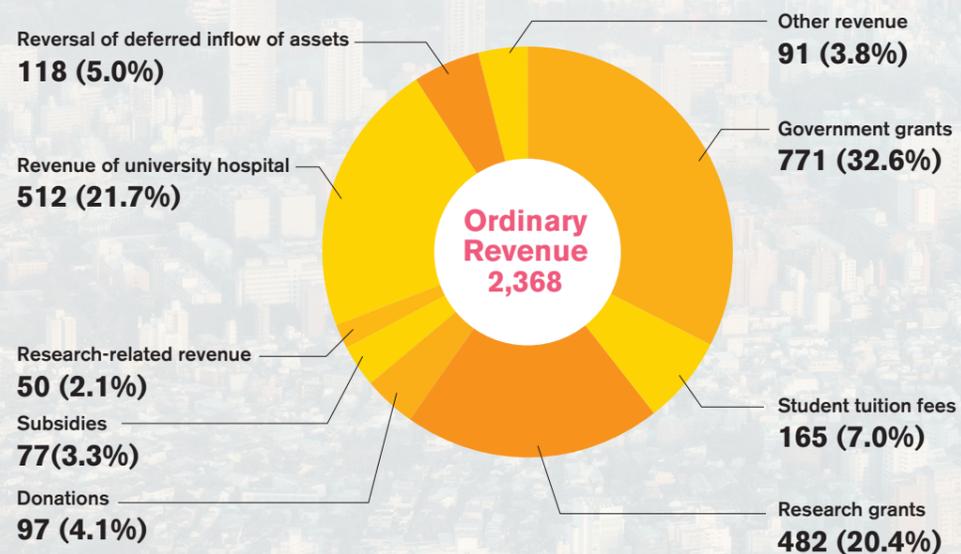
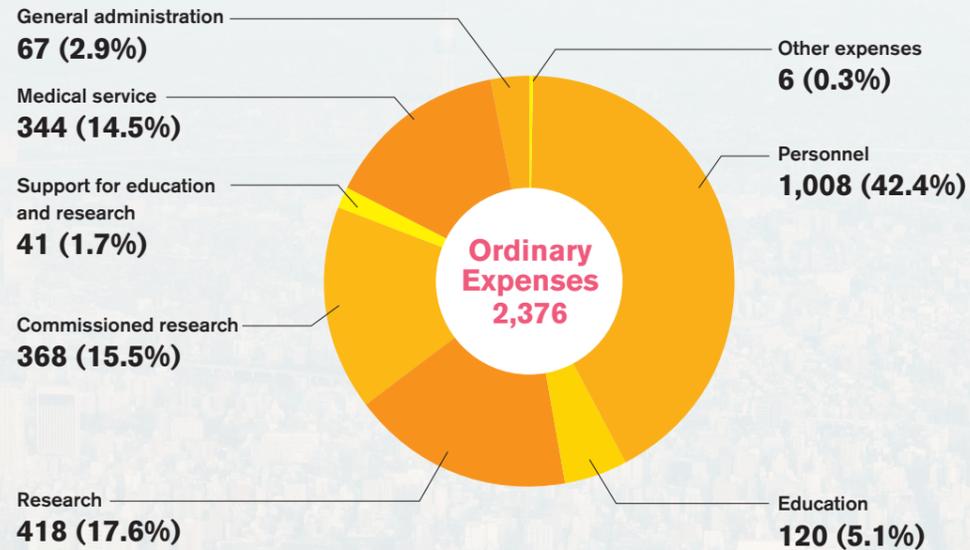
(as of March 31, 2020)

The University of Tokyo offers an extensive range of support for entrepreneurial members of the University community who want to start companies that utilize research and educational outcomes produced at the University. Approximately 400 UTokyo-related start-ups have been established, and that number continues to grow.

Expenses and Revenue

(FY2019)

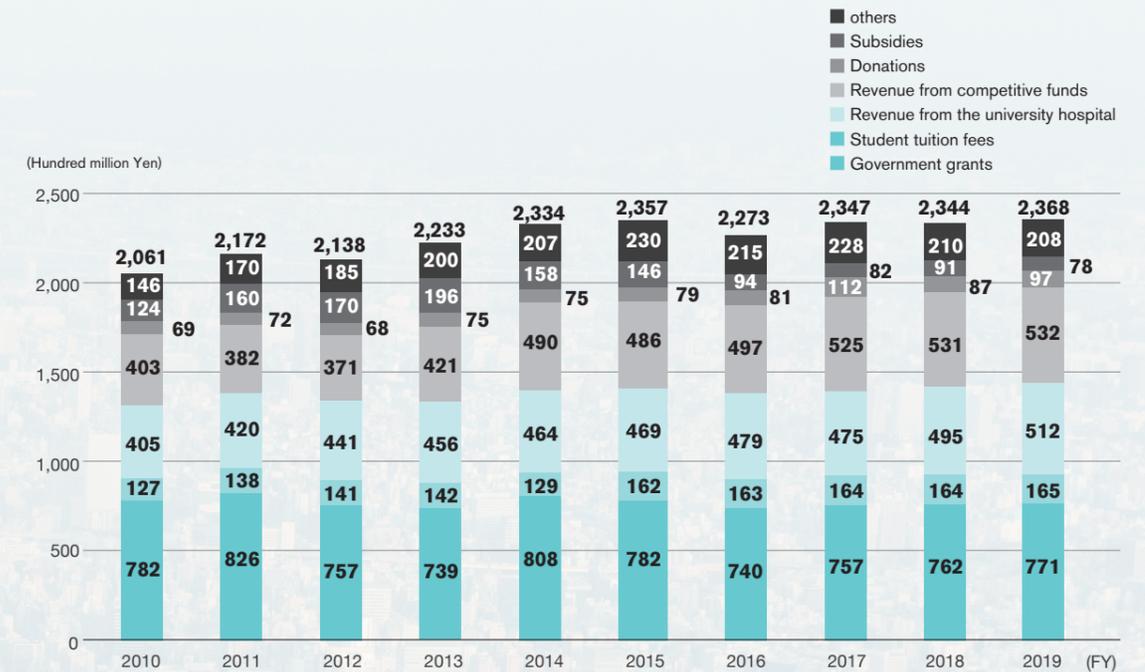
(Hundred million Yen)



Note:
 The above data is prepared on an accrual basis.
 Other expenses include financing expenses and miscellaneous loss.
 Other revenue includes facility costs revenue, financial return, and miscellaneous income.
 Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (KAKENHI) are granted to individual researchers and are not included in the ordinary revenue.

Revenue

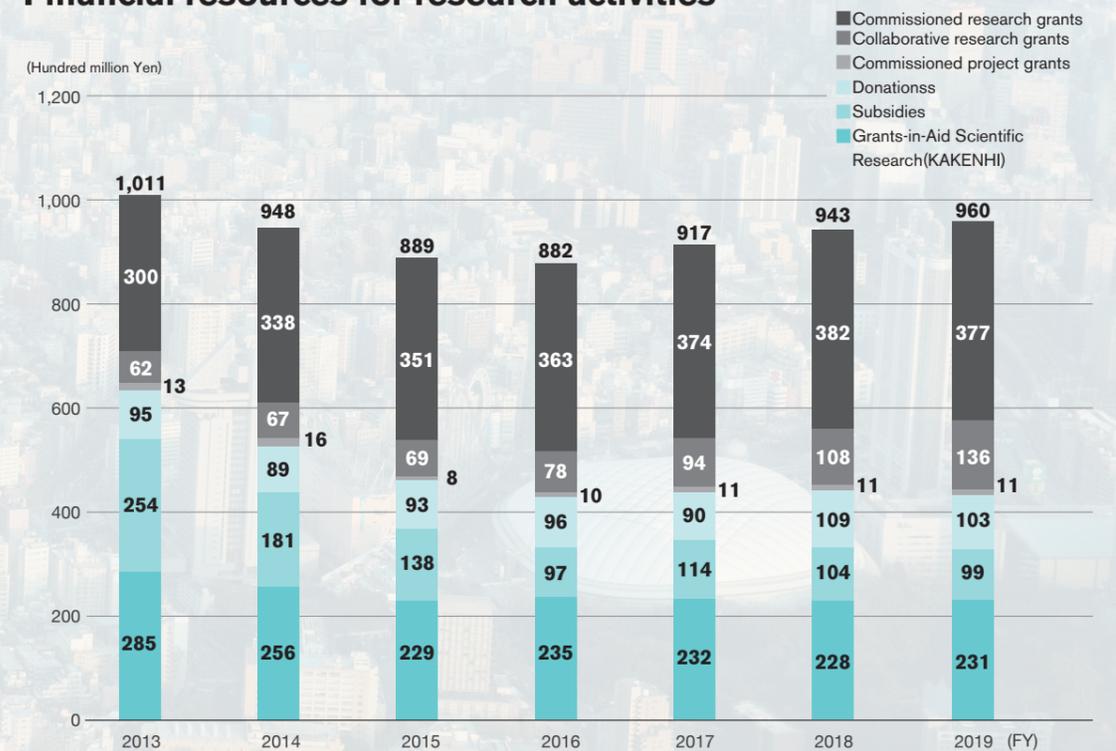
(Hundred million Yen)



Note : Government grant earnings do not include the integrated amount due to the end of the mid-term planning period.

Financial resources for research activities

(Hundred million Yen)



Number of Staff

(as of May 1, 2020)

Total	10,980	Academic staff 5,880
		Administrative staff 5,100

Number of Students

(as of May 1, 2020)

Total	28,577	Undergraduate 14,102
		Graduate 14,475

Undergraduate Enrollment

Division	Faculty	Regular Students		Research Students		Auditors		Total	
Junior	College of Arts and Sciences	6,631	147					6,631	147
Senior	Law	955	6			15		970	6
	Medicine	531		3				534	
	Engineering	2,109	37	5	1	3		2,117	38
	Letters	824	14	1				825	14
	Science	668	18	1				669	18
	Agriculture	611	6	1				612	6
	Economics	789	15			4		793	15
	Arts and Sciences	512	44	4				516	44
	Education	234	3	1				235	3
	Pharmaceutical Sciences	198	5			2		200	5
Total		14,062	295	16	1	24		14,102	296

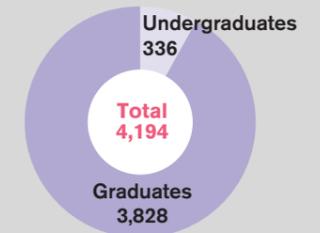
Graduate Enrollment

Graduate School	Regular Students				Research Students etc.		Total			
	Master's	Professional	Doctoral							
Humanities and Sociology	309	36		383	65	40	40	732	141	
Education	183	24		252	21	14	12	449	57	
Law and Politics	38	24	497	8	99	40	10	644	82	
Economics	217	122		94	18	2		313	140	
Arts and Sciences	569	132		624	130	90	74	1,283	336	
Science	810	103		624	99	55	22	1,489	224	
Engineering	2,315	580	16	1,089	479	126	94	3,546	1,153	
Agricultural and Life Sciences	626	129		417	161	64	42	1,107	332	
Medicine	125	38	59	3	1,041	121	54	1,279	194	
Pharmaceutical Sciences	182	21		186	27	17	12	385	60	
Mathematical Sciences	91	12		74	12	1	1	166	25	
Frontier Sciences	928	256		479	176	73	67	1,480	499	
Information Science and Technology	603	124		248	72	41	35	892	231	
Interdisciplinary Information Studies	250	74		153	48	26	26	429	148	
Public Policy			255	131	24	15	2	281	148	
Total	7,246	1,675	827	142	5,787	1,484	615	469	14,475	3,770

Note: Figures in red indicate the number of international students.
Special Auditing Students and credited auditors are not included.

Number of International Students

(as of May 1, 2020)



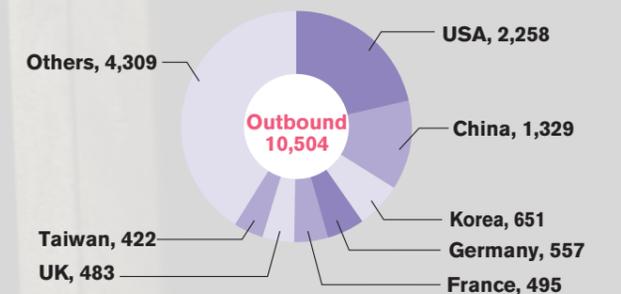
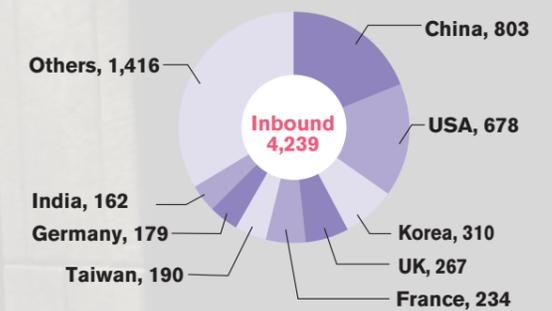
Top 10 Countries and Regions

1	China	2,505	6	USA	80
2	Korea	372	7	Indonesia	76
3	Taiwan	164	8	France	69
4	India	103	9	Philippines	52
5	Thailand	87	10	Vietnam	48

Note: Special Auditing Students and credited auditors are included.

Visits by Researchers

(as of May 1, 2020)



Three Core Campuses

The University of Tokyo is built around the core campuses of Hongo, Komaba, and Kashiwa in the Greater Tokyo Area.



Kashiwa Campus

Kashiwa Campus

The newest campus, Kashiwa Campus, comprises the Graduate School of Frontier Sciences, the Institute for Cosmic Ray Research, the Atmosphere and Ocean Research Institute, the Institute for Solid State Physics, and other institutions that contribute to the campus' role as a center for the exploration of emerging realms of science.



Komaba Campus

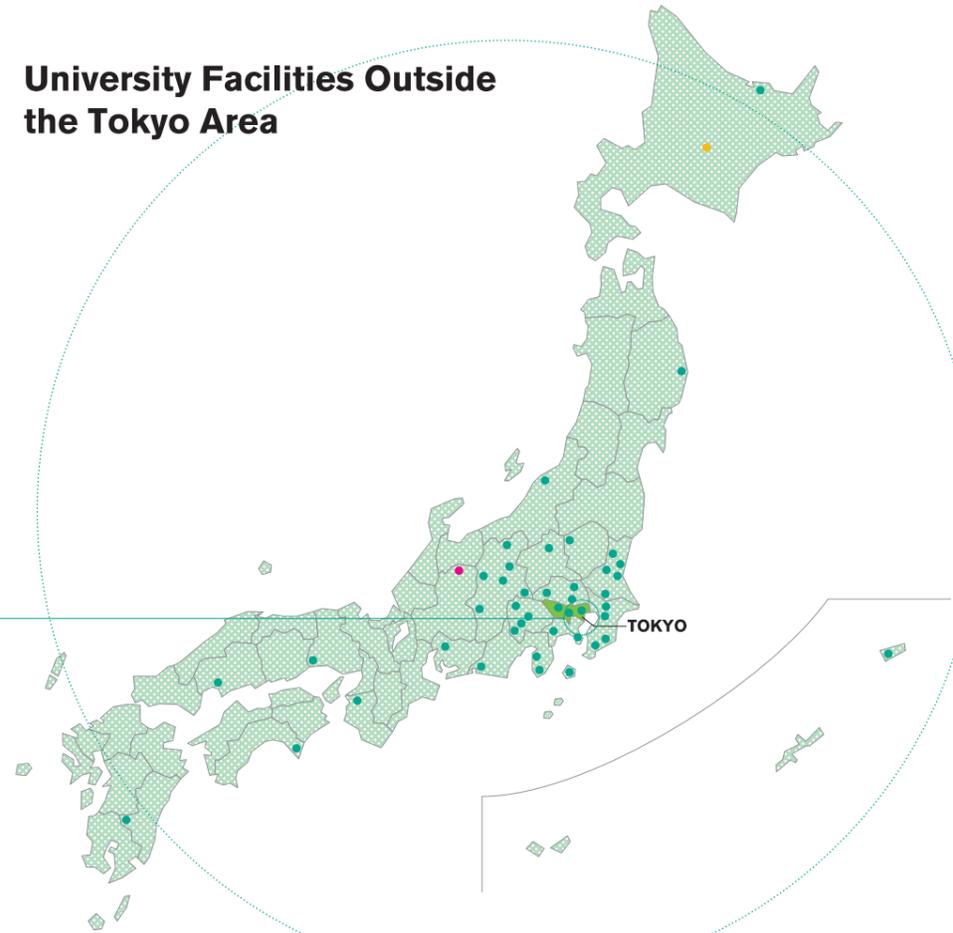
Komaba I Campus is centered on liberal arts education and interdisciplinary research, primarily at the lower undergraduate level. It is also the home of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences and the Graduate School of Mathematical Sciences. Komaba II Campus, a research-focused extension, includes such facilities as the Institute of Industrial Science and the Research Center for Advanced Science and Technology.



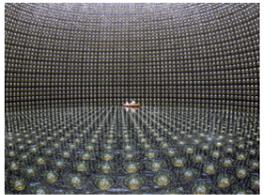
Hongo Campus

The cornerstone of three core campuses of the University of Tokyo, Hongo Campus, was founded for the pursuit of traditional forms of education and research, spanning the upper undergraduate and graduate levels.

University Facilities Outside the Tokyo Area



The University of Tokyo Hokkaido Forest near Furano, Hokkaido. (map ●)



The Super-Kamiokande Detector located 1,000 meter underground in Hida, Gifu. (map ●)



The mini-TAO 1m telescope located 5,600m high on summit of Co. Chajnantor in Atacama, Chile. (map ●)

Worldwide Research Facilities and International Offices

The University of Tokyo has a number of research facilities spread throughout Japan and in various countries worldwide to enhance educational and research activities of the University. The University also has four international offices whose purpose is to enhance the presence of the University overseas.



The University of Tokyo New York Office

Location:
The 21st Floor, the Nippon Club Tower, 145 W 57th St,
New York, NY 10019, UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
Tel: +1-212-582-9800
Fax: +1-212-582-9789
Email: utny.adm@gs.mail.u-tokyo.ac.jp

The University of Tokyo India Office

Location:
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The University of Tokyo Sri Lanka Office

Location:
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Email: sloffice.adm@gs.mail.u-tokyo.ac.jp

The University of Tokyo SNU Office

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Fax: +82-2-883-4448
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